Procedure

Stage and stage aim(s)	Timing (mins)	Interaction	Procedure	Differentiation
Lead in to engage students with topic	10	teacher-student	Ask students what they think are the differences and similarities between book and film/stage versions of a story. Do this as a very brief whole class introduction to the activity.	
to help with contextualisation		student-student	Group work: students do the 'Find someone who' activity - Task 1 in the <i>Worksheet</i> .	
		students-teacher	If you have time, you may want to ask a couple of students to comment on what they found out about others' views and experiences.	
Contextualisation to call students attention to the importance of	10	teacher-student	Ask students to give you a definition of 'dialogue'. You may want to present a dictionary definition after this to reinforce the concept.	You may ask students to check the definition in their own dictionaries or present one writing it on the board/projecting a slide.
dialogue in the development of the story and characterisation		student-student	Students do Task 2 in the <i>Worksheet</i> . They can work in pairs or individually and then compare their answers.	If you have access to the internet, show students the whole article 'Jane Austen and the Art of Conversation' on TeachingEnglish and motivate them
to support students in the coming reading task		teacher-student	Class feedback. Ask a couple of students to read out their versions. Highlight the main idea of the text.	to read the rest at home.
Reading to explore dialogues in the text of <i>Pride & Prejudice</i>	15	Individual work	Students do Task 3 in the <i>Worksheet</i> . Tell them to try to visualise the scenes. Give them time for silent reading.	The paragraphs in the worksheet are from an Austen standard text version. If you are using a graded reader , you can still use it and ask your students to locate the corresponding passage in their text version.
to develop general reading skills		student-student	Then invite them to compare their answers in pairs or small groups.	With lower level groups and if you are short of time you may want to restrict this to extracts A and B only.
		teacher-student	Class feedback to check answers and sort out any problems.	

Vocabulary work to promote vocabulary expansion	15	student-student teacher-student	Students do Task 4 in the <i>Worksheet</i> . They can work in pairs or individually and then compare their answers in pairs or small groups Class feedback to check answers and sort out any problems. Refer students back to the last sentence in the 'Art of Conversation' article.	By this time, students would have probably inferred the meaning of the words but they can now double check their understanding of them. Students will probably need to use dictionaries. Make sure there are some available. Adapt this if you are using a graded reader version.
Consolidation: speaking to motivate students to engage in the homework assignment	5	student-student	Pair or Group work: refer students to the questions under the Homework heading or write them on the board. Give students a bit of time to brainstorm some ideas and engage in conversation.	
Homework	2	teacher-student	Refer students to instructions in the Worksheet	You may want to give your students the options of doing this in pairs. Students can post their projects to a group blog or bring them to class.

Lesson Plan by Chris Lima