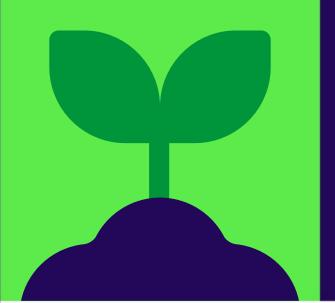
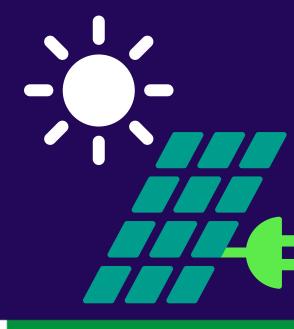


The Climate Connection







# Sports in (climate) crisis

**Classroom presentation** 

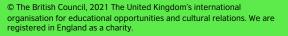


1. What is the connection between sports events and the climate crisis?



Usain Bolt burned about 10kcal of energy to win his gold during the 200 metre sprint final, roughly equivalent to one gummy bear.

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#### When it comes to climate action, the ball is in sport's court

Usain Bolt burned about 10kcal of energy to win his gold during the 200 metre sprint final at the 2016 Rio Olympics, roughly equivalent to powering an old 60W light bulb for 11 minutes, or just one gummy bear (apparently you can measure energy in gummy bears). If you could harness all the power generated by all the athletes during the Games, you would still be nowhere close to reaching the 29.5 billion Watts it is estimated was consumed overall by the athletes, spectators and organisers over the event. We take sport for granted, but do we ever consider its cost to the planet?



From the water required to maintain the golf course during The Masters tournament in Augusta to the hundreds of flights it takes to bring football fans to a World Cup, to the tonnes of freight shipped from venue to venue during Formula 1's season, major sports events are not helping much in the fight against global heating. What's more, there is a lack of recognition within sport of its responsibilities and little discussion about possible solutions.

This is strange given that the effect works both ways; the climate crisis is not just affected by sports, it is already having a negative impact on many sports. When ice-climber Will Gadd set out to conquer the world's glaciers he didn't realise it would become a race against climate change. 'I'd seen pictures of the ice on [Mount] Kilimanjaro ... and I thought *glaciers are there forever – they don't go away*. I started reading research papers on Africa, and one of them said the ice on Kilimanjaro could be gone in as little as five years.' When he arrived at the summit, Gadd was shocked: 'The ice ... wasn't there, it was gone. The things I planned to climb were gone.'

Global heating is noticeable in other sports. Amy Steel played professional netball until 2016, when she suffered from heatstroke after playing in 39°C conditions. Unfortunately, the damage was permanent, and Steel only has to run for a few minutes for her body to overheat and shut down. More and more, tennis players face even higher temperatures in tournaments – 42.2°C at points during the 2014 Australian Open. Not only that, but extreme weather events made more frequent as a result of global heating mean sporting events are more often delayed or cancelled. The Covid-19 pandemic itself likely stems from human mismanagement of wildlife, and that has cost sport billions in revenue.



2. Read the article again and choose the main point each paragraph is making.

#### Paragraph 1

- a Runners like Usain Bolt are efficient because they use very little energy.
- b Sports events use a lot of energy.
- c The Olympic Games should not continue because they are not sustainable.

#### Paragraph 2

- a The sporting world isn't paying much attention to its environmental responsibilities.
- b There are different reasons each sport affects the environment.
- c Solutions to the environmental damage caused by sport are difficult to identify.

#### Paragraph 3

- a Global heating threatens sports that rely on ice and snow.
- b Sport is a good way to communicate the climate crisis because you can see its effects.
- c Not only does sport affect the climate, the climate affects sport.



2. Read the article again and choose the main point each paragraph is making.

#### Paragraph 4

- The financial cost of the climate crisis to the sports world will be significant.
- b Heat is making some sports events dangerous for athletes.
- c The climate crisis is affecting sport in different ways.

#### Paragraph 5

- a There are many sportspeople who are fighting the climate crisis.
- b There is a way for sport to be part of the solution, not part of the problem.
- c Sport cannot reduce its carbon emissions quickly enough.





3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.

1 An inventor has created a bicycle that can be used to \_\_\_\_\_ the lights in your home. (para 1)

#### Paragraph 1

3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.

1 An inventor has created a bicycle that can be used to **power** the lights in your home. (para 1)

#### Paragraph 1



- 3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.
  - 2 We need to find more ways to \_\_\_\_\_ clean energy from natural sources. (para 1)

#### Paragraph 1



- 3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.
  - 2 We need to find more ways to <u>harness</u> clean energy from natural sources. (para 1)

#### Paragraph 1





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3 The average household in Canada \_\_\_\_\_\_ nearly 12,000kWh of electricity per year, while in Nigeria that figure is just 570kWh. (para 1)

Paragraph 1

- 3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.
  - 3 The average household in Canada **consumes** nearly 12,000kWh of electricity per year, while in Nigeria that figure is just 570kWh. (para 1)

#### Paragraph 1



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4 It is unfair to expect individuals to solve the crisis by reducing their carbon footprint. Governments must force corporations to recognise their \_\_\_\_\_\_. (para 2)

#### Paragraph 2

From the water required to maintain the golf course during The Masters tournament in Augusta to the hundreds of flights it takes to bring football fans to a World Cup, to the tonnes of freight shipped from venue to venue during Formula 1's season, major sports events are not helping much in the fight against global heating. What's more, there is a lack of recognition within sport of its responsibilities and little discussion about possible solutions.

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5 What measures can sport take to start to have a more positive \_\_\_\_\_ on the living planet? (para 3)

#### Paragraph 3

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#### Paragraph 4



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7 The evidence is that recent unseasonal weather events such as flooding and forest fires were made much more likely as a result of global \_\_\_\_\_\_. (para. 4)

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  - 7 The evidence is that recent unseasonal weather events such as flooding and forest fires were made much more likely **as a result of global <u>heating</u>** (para. 4)

#### Paragraph 4



3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.

8 We all need to ask ourselves what \_\_\_\_\_we can play in the climate emergency. (para. 5)

#### Paragraph 5



- 3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.
  - 8 We all need to ask ourselves what **role** we can play in the climate emergency. (para. 5)

#### Paragraph 5



- 3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.
  - 9 Sport is in an ideal place to \_\_\_\_\_ awareness of the climate crisis. (para. 5)

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  - 9 Sport is in an ideal place to <u>raise</u> awareness of the climate crisis. (para. 5)

#### Paragraph 5



3. Use a word from the article to complete each sentence.

10 Some companies have been looking at ways to reduce \_\_\_\_\_ for a while; others were forced to during the pandemic. (para. 5)

#### Paragraph 5



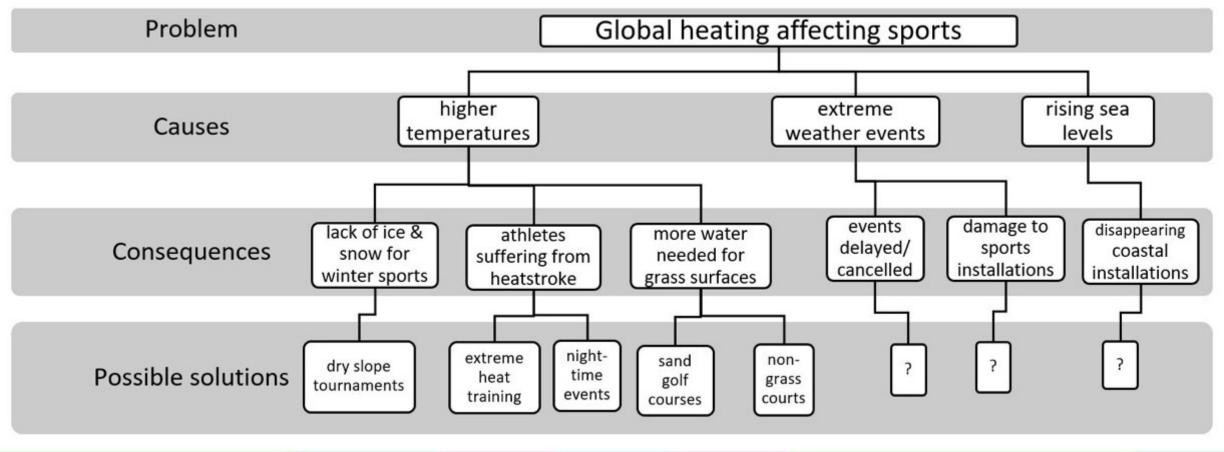
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10 Some companies have been looking at **ways to reduce emissions** for a while; others were forced to during the pandemic. (para. 5)

#### Paragraph 5



A problem tree







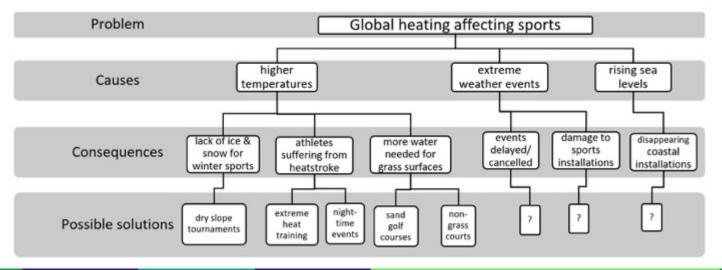
4. Make sentences about the information in the problem tree using the expressions below, which introduce causes, consequences and possible solutions.

As a result, ... Consequently, ... due to ... means there will be ...

This has the effect of ... would avoid the need for ... would protect people from ...

... can/will lead to ... ... would mean ... ..., thanks to ... ... can cause ...

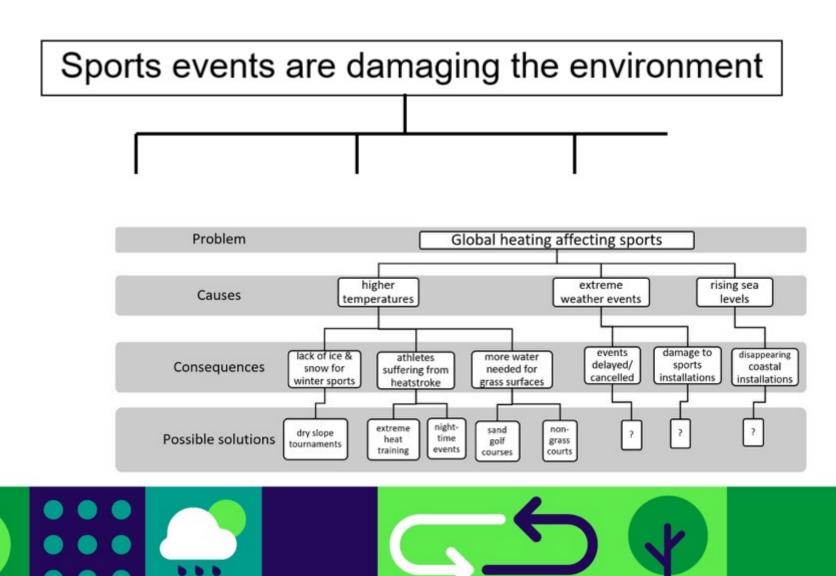
e.g. Higher temperatures will lead to a lack of snow for skiing.







5. Design a problem tree



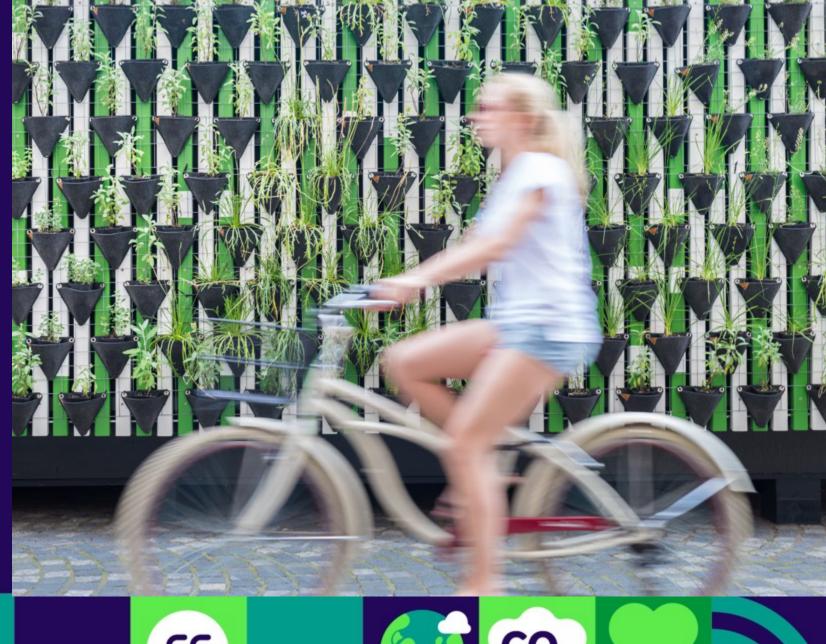
6. Read about the situation and follow the steps

The year is 2035. Humanity is united in its fight against global heating and environmental destruction. What changes will the world of sport need to make to be part of the solution?

- 1 Your group is the organising committee of a major sporting championship. Agree on a sport and championship you would like to represent.
- 2 Use your problem tree to identify environmental problems, and causes of those problems, created by your sport and your event.
- 3 Hold a meeting to identify possible ways of reducing the carbon footprint and environmental impact of your sport and event. Propose five action steps that you will take.
- 4 Be prepared to present your actions steps.



## Endangered animals





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