



Task 1 – Reading and note-taking: memories of the start of the First World

You're going to read and talk about people's experiences of the start of the First World War in 1914.

Read Text A about Heinrich Beutow, who was a schoolboy in Germany in 1914. Then add the information about him to the table.

Text A – Heinrich Beutow, a German schoolboy

My parents and I were living in a small German town in 1914. I remember everybody seemed really pleased when they heard about the declaration of war. Our teacher told us all about the war, and he was really enthusiastic that the war had started the day before. Naturally, we schoolboys were all brainwashed with great patriotism when war broke out. My father was an active army officer and I will never



forget the day when German soldiers were marching out to the trains. They were all decorated with flowers. Even horses and guns were beautifully decorated. And of course all the people were following them. Bands were playing the music, flags were flying everywhere. There was a strong feeling that Germany now would go into this war and win it very quickly.

	Text A	Text B	Text C
Name of the storyteller	Heinrich Beutow		
Place he lived in at the outbreak of war			
How he heard about the beginning of the First World War			
How he described people's reaction to war in his area			



Task 2 – Speaking and note-taking: memories of the start of the First World War

Now you're going to find out about two more people in different countries, and how they experienced the start of World War I.

Speak with students who read Text B and Text C. Ask questions to complete the table.

What was the name of the person you read about?

How do you spell that?

Task 3 – Choosing the right past tense

When the First World War

Look at Text B and Text C. Choose the correct tense (past simple, past continuous or past perfect) and complete the gaps.

Text B - Charles Chabot, a British civilian living in Thailand

1	_ (broke			
out / had broken out) in 1914, my fam		Control of the Contro		4
2	_ (had			
lived / were living) in Bangkok, Thaila	ınd. That		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	gurola.
night I was in a restaurant because w	/e			
3	_ (had			
just finished / were just finishing) play	ing a			
rugby game with some German friend	ds and			-
we were all sitting together. We were			7	
obviously mixed up. Germans			¥	- Bay Call
4	_ (sat / we	ere sitting) next to the Eng	glish, the English	
5	_ (were s	itting / had sat) next to the	e French and so on. Every	one
6	_ (was ch	natting / had chatted) arou	und the table. Suddenly we	
heard a loud bang at the door. It was	a courier	from the French Embass	y with the shocking news o	of
the outbreak of war. None of us here	7		(was seeing / had see	<i>n</i>) a
declaration of war before and we 8			(didn't know / weren't	
knowing) what to do. Should we now	get a knif	e from the table and fight	one another or what? Afte	r a
bit of discussion we decided that for	us war wa	s going to start tomorrow	not tonight, and so we just	t
9	(continued / were continuing) with our party.			



Text C – Horace Calvert, a 14-year-old from London

I can remember how I			
1			
o'clock. As I			
(had got / got) to the end of Richmond Roa	d, there was a newsagent's shop and outside there was a		
big poster saying that Britain 5	(was declaring / had declared)		
war on Germany the day before. Later on the	nat day I 6(went / had		
gone) into central London, and outside Buc	kingham Palace, all the crowds		
7 (had	cheered / were cheering) outside as the King and Queen		
came out on the balcony. Everybody was e	xcited. It was very patriotic. People were having a good		
time – they 8	(were singing / sang) 'Rule Britannia', 'God Save		
the King' and many other national songs. I	thought it was really good that Britain		
9 (had	(had joined / joined) the war.		

Task 4 – Grammar: checking the tenses

Find a Student B and a Student C. As a group, check your answers to Task 3.

Task 5 – Grammar rules: past simple, past continuous and past perfect

Look at the underlined verbs in sentences 1-4 below. Which tenses are they in? Select the correct rule, a or b, for the tense of the underlined verb.

- 1. When the First World War broke out, I was living in Bangkok, Thailand.
 - a. This tense describes a shorter action which interrupted a longer one.
 - **b.** This tense describes a longer action which was interrupted by a shorter one.
- 2. That night we finished playing a series of rugby football games with our German friends and we all were sitting and chatting around the table. Suddenly we heard a loud bang at the door.
 - a. This tense describes completed past actions.
 - **b.** This tense describes situations that form a background to a story.



- 3. On 4 August 1914 Britain also declared war on Germany after Germany had invaded neutral Belgium.
 - a. This tense describes an action that was before another action in the past.
 - **b.** This tense describes an action that was after another action in the past.
- 4. The murder of Archduke Franz Ferdinand set off a chain of events that led to one of the most devastating wars in history.
 - a. This tense describes completed past actions.
 - **b.** This tense describes uncompleted past actions.

Task 6 - Narrative story writing

- a. Choose one of the people in the pictures. Imagine their life at the start of the First World War.
 - Where do you think they were living in 1914? Use your own ideas.
 - What were they doing when they learned that the war had started?
 - What happened next?
- b. Now imagine that you are the person you've chosen. Write about your memories of the outbreak of the war. Try to use the three tenses you have learnt about in this lesson.

Example: On the day when war was declared in 1914, I was ...