

She's a policeman?

Topic

Gender in job names and perceptions

Lesson outcomes

- Consider the perceptions of gender roles in jobs
- Review and learn vocabulary for different jobs
- Notice gender in job names
- Consider why non-gendered language for jobs is important
- Use the present simple for describing jobs
- Appreciate how a range of jobs can be important, interesting or exciting
- Take part in group work and use collaboration skills

Age group and level

Primary learners (9-12 years) at CEFR level A2 and above

Time

90 minutes. This can be done in two lessons

Materials

- Jobs photos (one copy to display)
- Jobs cards (one copy per group, cut up)
- Materials for making the poster paper, colours, scissors and glue (one set per group)

Introduction

This lesson plan is based on an activity from the British Council publication Integrating global issues in the creative English language classroom, which provides innovative ideas for teaching while raising awareness of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

In this lesson, which supports Goal 5: Gender equality, learners brainstorm jobs, then draw three people doing different jobs. Afterwards they are guided to notice the gender of the people they have drawn and think about why they might have drawn them like that. Then they sort job names in English according to whether they are gendered or not and consider why it's good to use non-gendered terms. Finally, they think about which jobs are important, exciting, or interesting and why, and make a poster. There is a presentation that can be used for a print free lesson.

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Procedure

 1. Introducing the topic (5 minutes) 2. Generating vocabulary (10 minutes) 3. Awarenessraising and discussion (20 minutes) Ask the learners what they want to be when they grow up and why. Do they kn anyone who does that job, for example a family member, or is there anyone famous with that job? You can display slide 2. Now ask learners to say what other jobs they know and brainstorm as many as possible. Accept all contributions at this stage, even if they are expressed in gendered language. Write their ideas on the board. Tell learners that they are now going to draw three people doing different jobs. You can use slide 3. Ask them to draw: Set a time limit for each drawing. a person who catches criminals 	
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 a person who fixes cars a person who helps look after you when you're sick, for example in hospital, who isn't a doctor. Alternatively, show a picture of objects people needs for their job (e.g. slide 3: handcuffs, some tools or a thermometer) and ask them to draw a person who this object in their job. Ask learners to compare their pictures in small groups. Then, display or show the jobs photos. Ask them if there are any big differences and elicit if their pictures show people of a different gender. If there are lots of learners with pictures showing the more traditional gender for that job ask why?. Is there someone in their family with this job? Have they see women/men on TV doing this job? Can everyone do this job? Explain to the learners that the United Nations, an international organisation the helps solve world problems, like gender equality and climate change, has 17 special goals which all the UN countries agreed to in 2015. The goals are designed to help solve these world problems everywhere, by 2030, and Goal 5 Gender equality. One part of this goal is to make sure that everybody has equal opportunities regardless of their gender. 	, but uses the s or een hat



4. Focus on gendered language (10 minutes)

- Ask the learners to look again at their first drawing. What's the best name for this
 job, policeman/policewoman or police officer? [police officer] You can use slide 7
 as a prompt. Why? [It's for everybody.] Elicit or explain that these kinds of titles
 help everybody believe they can do this job if they want.
- Tell the learners you are going to give their group some job titles, and they need to
 decide which job titles are for everybody and leave out the ones they think are
 only for one gender. You can use slide 8 to assign titles to group or give out
 cards. Allow groups time to decide.
- As you monitor, make a note if there are any job names which are not gendered
 but learners have left out, e.g. kindergarten teacher and ask them why. If they left
 them out because they felt they were jobs suitable only for one gender, you might
 like to discuss this as a class at the end of the activity, e.g. you could do an image
 search to find pictures of both women and men doing the job.

This could be the end of lesson 1

5. Project –preparation(15 minutes)

- Write the following adjectives on the board: important, exciting, interesting. Or use slide 9. What jobs do learners think are important etc.? Ask them for a few ideas and ask them why for each one. For example, Rubbish collectors have an important job because they help keep our houses and streets clean.
- Next, tell them to work in their groups and sort the non-gendered jobs cards according to which adjective they think each job is. As you monitor, ask the learners to explain some of their choices.

6. Project – make a poster (25 minutes)

- Now tell the learners that they are going to make a poster in their groups about one type of job, i.e. about important jobs, exciting jobs or interesting jobs. Assign (or let them choose) an adjective to each group. If you have more than three groups, assign the adjectives twice or as needed.
- Explain the steps to make the poster:
 - Each learner in the group chooses a different job from the cards they put under that adjective (or two jobs, depending on your learners).

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- They take their chosen card and write about that job and why they think it's important/exciting/interesting.
- They draw a picture of someone doing that job.
- They cut out their writing and picture.
- They write a title on the big piece of paper you give them for the poster, such as 'Jobs we think are important' or similar.
- They arrange their cards, writing and pictures on the poster and glue them on.
- Assign group roles to add differentiation. E.g. Facilitator, Writer, Illustrator, Editor, Designer, Presenter (see additional information)
- As learners work on their posters, monitor, and help as needed. Depending on
 your learners, you might like to provide a model or frame for the writing on the
 board, or ask them to write in their notebooks first for you to check before copying
 on to the paper that they will cut out. Fast finishers can help someone else in the
 group, take another job to write about or make extra illustrations for the poster,
 e.g. by drawing pictures of the jobs for their adjective that they didn't use.
- When the posters are finished, put them up around the room. If possible, allow learners to look at the other posters and say which job from each poster they would most like to do. Alternatively, learners could present their posters to the class.

7. Setting homework (5 minutes)

Ask learners to imagine they can do any job. Remind them that everyone can do
any job. What would they like to do and why? Ask them to write about it and draw
a picture. You can use slide 9 to explain the homework. Use the homework
template for learners who need support.

Further ideas and resources

The publication Integrating global issues in the creative English language
classroom has additional ideas for creative activities to support the gender equality
goal as well as all the other United Nations Sustainable Development Goals:
https://www.teachingenglish.org.uk/article/integrating-global-issues-creative-english-language-classroom



• The 'World's Largest Lesson' promotes the use of the Sustainable Development Goals in learning:

https://worldslargestlesson.globalgoals.org/

- The UNESCO website has resources for educators for the early childhood, primary and secondary age groups, listed under each goal: https://en.unesco.org/themes/education/sdgs/material
- The United Nations website has further resources for learning about the goals: https://www.un.org/sustainabledevelopment/student-resources/

Additional information

This is a breakdown of the group roles. Roles aid learners who need support to undertake independent tasks and give advanced learners roles of responsibility. Some learners can have two roles if they are capable. These roles will need to be explained to learners:

Facilitator: Leads the discussion. Gives everyone the opportunity to speak. Makes sure the task is completed on time.

Writer: There can be more than one writer. They write about the selected job/s

Illustrator: There can be more than one illustrator. They draw the selected job/s

Editor: They check and correct the written texts

Designer: This person designs the poster. The whole group can be involved with cutting and sticking but the designer directs them.

Presenter: They present their group poster

Contributed by

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